

# 0.1% Formic Acid in Acetonitrile

### LC441-2.5

Version 2.0 Issuing date 12/06/2010 Revision Date 11/12/2019 Print Date 08/03/2021

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### **Product information**

Trade name : 0.1% Formic Acid in Acetonitrile

Number : 000000011214

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on

use

Laboratory Use

Manufacturer or supplier's

details

Honeywell Specialty Chemicals Seelze

GmbH

Wunstorfer Straße 40 Seelze, 30926

For further information,

please contact:

1-800-368-0050 +1-231-726-3171

(Monday-Friday, 9:00am-5:00pm)

In case of emergency call : Medical: 1-800-498-5701 or +1-303-389-1414

Transportation (CHEMTREC): 1-800-424-9300 or +1-703-

527-3887

**In Japan: +(81)-345209637** (24 hours/day, 7 days/week)

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification of the : Flammable liquids, Category 2 substance or mixture : Acute toxicity, Category 4, Oral

Acute toxicity, Category 4, Inhalation

Eye irritation, Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 1,

Central nervous system

#### GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(s) :







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



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Harmful if swallowed.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes damage to organs.

Precautionary statements

#### : Prevention:

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No

smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection.

#### Response:

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/

physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant

foam for extinction.

### Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

#### Disposal:

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature : Mixture

Chemical name CAS-No. Concentration



Burdick & Jackson™

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Acetonitrile 75-05-8 >99.00 %

Acetonitrile

Formic acid 64-18-6 0.10 %

Formic acid

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

Use oxygen as required, provided a qualified operator is

present.

Call a physician.

Skin contact : Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes.

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Call a physician.

Eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes.

Call a physician.

Ingestion : Do NOT induce vomiting.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Notes to physician : Treat as cyanide poisoning.

Symptoms of poisoning may not appear for several hours. Keep under medical supervision for at least 48 hours.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Alcohol-resistant foam

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Flammable.

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.



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Vapors may travel to areas away from work site before

igniting/flashing back to vapor source.

In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be

produced such as:

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid)

Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of

nitrogen (NOx), dense black smoke.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Further information

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Wear personal protective equipment.

Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Ensure adequate ventilation.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Environmental precautions

: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Ventilate the area.

No sparking tools should be used. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local /

national regulations (see section 13).

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wear personal protective equipment.

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Keep container tightly closed.

Do not smoke.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.



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Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

: Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Ensure all equipment is electrically grounded before beginning

transfer operations.

Use explosion-proof equipment.

Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of

ignition.

No sparking tools should be used.

No smoking.

#### **Storage**

Conditions for safe storage,

including any incompatibilities

: Store in area designed for storage of flammable liquids.

Protect from physical damage.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-

ventilated place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Keep away from direct sunlight.

Store away from incompatible substances.

Container hazardous when empty.

Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or

expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS- No.	Value	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Formic acid Formic acid	64-18-6	TWA : Time weighted average	9.4 mg/m3 (5 ppm)	04 2007	Japan Society for Occupational Health:Japan Society for Occupational Health allowable concentration recommendatio n value

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Use with local exhaust ventilation.



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Prevent vapour buildup by providing adequate ventilation during and after use.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

For rescue and maintenance work in storage tanks use self-

contained breathing apparatus.

Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection.

Hand protection : Solvent-resistant gloves

Gloves must be inspected prior to use.

Replace when worn.

Eye protection : Do not wear contact lenses.

Wear as appropriate:

Safety glasses with side-shields If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

Goggles or face shield, giving complete protection to eyes

Skin and body protection : Wear as appropriate:

Solvent-resistant apron

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

Protective suit

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the

product.

Keep working clothes separately.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Protective measures : Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to

the workstation location.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : liquid

Colour : colourless

Odour : sweet ether-like

pH : 4.1



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Melting point/range : -46 °C

Boiling point/boiling range : 82 °C

Flash point : 46 °F (8 °C)

Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate : 5

Method: Compared to Butyl acetate.

Lower explosion limit : 3 %(V)

Upper explosion limit : 16 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 97 hPa

at 20 °C(68 °F)

Vapour density : 1.42

Note: (Air = 1.0)

Density : 0.7822 g/cm3 at 20 °C

0.7767 g/cm3 at 25 °C

Water solubility : Note: completely soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Note: no data available

Ignition temperature : 524 °C

Note: Information regarding ignition temperature applies only

to the solvent.

Viscosity, dynamic : Note: no data available

Viscosity, kinematic : Note: no data available



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#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Keep away from direct sunlight.

: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Incompatible materials to

avoid

: Acids Bases

Oxidizing agents

Reducing agents Sulfites

Perchlorates
May attack many plastics, rubbers and coatings.

Hazardous decomposition

products

In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be

produced such as:

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid)

Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of

nitrogen (NOx), dense black smoke.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 617.62 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 10.97 mg/l

Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity

Acetonitrile : LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Species: Rabbit

Formic acid : Note: no data available

Skin irritation

Acetonitrile : Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404



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Exposure time: 4 h

Formic acid : Species: Rabbit

Result: Causes severe burns. Classification: Corrosive

Method: OECD

Eye irritation

Acetonitrile : Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritating to eyes.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Formic acid : Species: Rabbit

Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes. Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Sensitisation

Acetonitrile : Buehler Test

Species: Guinea pig

Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

Method: OECD

Formic acid : Buehler Test

Species: Guinea pig

Classification: non-sensitizing

Genotoxicity in vitro

Formic acid : Test Method: sister chromatid exchange assay

Cell type: Chinese hamster fibroblasts

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 479

Test Method: Ames test

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Test Method: In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells

Cell type: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Genotoxicity in vivo

Formic acid : Species: Drosophila melanogaster (vinegar fly)



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 477

Result: negative

Further information

Acetonitrile : STOT - single exposure:

The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 1.

May cause convulsions. May cause neurotoxic effects. Based on Human Evidence.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity to fish

Acetonitrile : flow-through test

LC50: 1,640 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Formic acid : static test

LC50: 130 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish)

Test substance: REACH dossier "read-across"

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates Formic acid : Immobilization

EC50: 365 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test substance: REACH dossier "read-across"

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae

Acetonitrile : static test

NOEC: 400 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Species: Phaeodactylum tricornutum

static test

ErC50: 9,696 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h



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Species: Phaeodactylum tricornutum

Formic acid : Growth rate

> EC50: 1,240 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

Test substance: REACH dossier "read-across"

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Public Cleansing Law

WDPCL Waste Disposal and : Specially Controlled Industrial Waste

Disposal methods : In accordance with local and national regulations.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**ADR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 1648

Description of the goods : ACETONITRILE SOLUTION

: 3 Class Packing group : 11 : F1 Classification Code Hazard Identification Number : 33 Labels : 3

**IATA** 

UN/ID No. : UN 1648

Description of the goods : Acetonitrile solution

: 3 Class Packing group : 11 Labels : 3 : 364 Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction : 353

(passenger aircraft)

Packing instruction : Y341

(passenger aircraft)



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**IMDG** 

UN/ID No. : UN 1648

Description of the goods : ACETONITRILE SOLUTION

Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
EmS Number 1 : F-E
EmS Number 2 : S-D

Marine pollutant : no

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulatory information

Fire Service Law : Class 4: Flammable liquid.

JP FSL DS4 Type 1 petroleums

Storage Limit: 400 liters Hazardous rank II - 危険等級II

**Component**: Acetonitrile 75-05-8

Vessel Safety Law : Flammable liquids (Article 2 and 3 of rules on shipping and

JP VSL storage of dangerous goods and its Attached Table 1)

**Component**: Acetonitrile 75-05-8

Aviation Law : Flammable liquid (Article 194 of The Enforcement Rules of

JP AVL Aviation Law and its Attached Table 1)

**Component**: Acetonitrile 75-05-8

Fire Service Law : Group 4 Flammable liquids

Type 1 petroleums Hazardous rank II Water soluble Keep away from fire

Japan. ISHL Hazardous : 15 Substances Labeling Listed

Requirements (ISHL Art. 57, Enforcement Order Art. 18, Enforcement Rule Art. 30 & Acetonitrile 75-05-8

31, as amended through 6 April 2018)

Japan. SDS and Risk : 15



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Assessment Requirements (ISHL Art. 57-2 and 57-3, Enforcement Order Art. 18-2,

Enforcement Rule Art. 34-2 and 34-2-2), as amended

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

Listed

Acetonitrile 75-05-8

: Deleterious substance not for pharmaceutical use

32.3 Listed

Acetonitrile 75-05-8

#### Other international regulations

**Notification status** 

US. Toxic Substances

Control Act

: On TSCA Inventory

(Notification and Assessment) Act

Australia. Industrial Chemical : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Canada. Canadian

**Environmental Protection Act** 

(CEPA). Domestic Substances List (DSL) : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

Japan. Kashin-Hou Law List

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Korea. Existing Chemicals

Inventory (KECI)

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Philippines. The Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Waste Control

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

China. Inventory of Existing

Chemical Substances

(IECSC)

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

New Zealand. Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC), as published by ERMA New

Zealand

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION



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	HMIS III	NFPA
Health hazard	: 2*	2
Flammability	: 3	3
Physical Hazard	: 0	
Instability	:	0

#### \* - Chronic health hazard

Hazard rating and rating systems (e.g. HMIS® III, NFPA): This information is intended solely for the use of individuals trained in the particular system.

#### **Further information**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. This information should not constitute a guarantee for any specific product properties.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

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Prepared by Honeywell Performance Materials and Technologies Product Stewardship Group